10 Business of Video Games

Tvorba a dizajn počítačových hier (FMFI) Návrh a vývoj počítačových hier (FIIT) Michal Ferko 28. 11. 2024

Business of Video Games

- Platforms
- Genres
- Target audiences
- Business models
- Unique selling points

Platforms

Platforms

- Arcades mostly dead
 - Standalone game systems in public venues
 - Pong, Pac-man, Space Invaders...

Consoles

- Proprietary platform
- Xbox Series X, PS5, Nintendo Switch
- More difficult submission process dev kits, platform requirements...
- Computers (+Steam Deck?)
 - Various HW problems with compatibility and HW requirements
 - Various SW problems with unified development

• VR

- Mobile/Dedicated
- Motion tracking



Platforms (2)

- Browser games usually casual
 - Mostly HTML5, limited capabilities
 - Used to be Facebook games
- Mobile games usually casual
 - Games on portable devices such as phones or tablets
 - Small screen, limited keyboard or touch-based input
 - Gyroscope, GPS, Camera
 - "Toilet and bus test"

• Handheld

- GameBoy, PSP, PS Vita
- Nintendo Switch
- Steam Deck



Platform Dependent Development

- The platform usually dictates different I/O devices
 - Controllers
 - Screens, haptic feedback...
- Single-platform games
 - Easier development, especially consoles (HW is always the same)
- Multi-platform games
 - Need to solve differences in I/O devices
 - Varying game difficulty due to different I/O methods
 - Varying hardware capabilities
 - Different OS = different technical issues
- Hint for beginners: focus on a single platform!
 - Or at least similar types of platforms

Platform Stores

- Stores tied to a platform
- Console store are exclusive can only get games on the platform from there
 - Xbox \Rightarrow Microsoft Store
 - PlayStation ⇒ PlayStation Store
 - Switch \Rightarrow My Nintendo Store
 - Can still buy physical games, but those also go through the respective store
- PC/Mac stores are not exclusive
 - General
 - Steam, Epic Games Store, GOG, Microsoft Store, Humble Store, Itch.io, Mac App Store...
 - Publisher-specific difficult to get into without a publisher deal
 - Ubisoft Ubisoft Connect (Uplay), EA EA app (Origin), Battle.net (Blizzard)

Platform Stores

- Android is non-exclusive
 - Google Play biggest outside China
 - Huawei App Gallery biggest in China
 - Galaxy Store (Samsung)
 - Xiaomi Market
 - ...
- iOS is exclusive
 - EU forced Apple in 2024 to allow other stores
 - But installation of those stores is still crazy difficult and accounts for very few percent
 - Might change in a few years
 - Has unofficial stores for jailbroken devices
 - Extremely small ones, jailbroken devices are very rare

Platform revenue cuts

- PC/Mac
 - Steam 30%
 - Epic Games Store 12%
 - Microsoft Store 12%
 - GOG 30%, Humble 25%, Itch.io any%
 - Mac App Store 30% (15% for the first \$1M in a year)
- Consoles (also for physical releases)
 - PlayStation, Xbox, Nintendo 30%
- Mobile
 - Google Play 30% (15% for the first \$1M in a year)
 - Apple App Store 30% (15% for the first \$1M in a year)

Genres

Genres

- Action
 - Platformers
 - Shooters
 - Racing
 - Fighting
- Adventure
- Action-adventure
- Simulations
- RPGs
- Strategy
- Casino
- Puzzle

- Sandbox
- Survival
- Horror
- Sports
- Rhythm
- New genres show up from time to time
 - Rogue-like
 - MOBA
 - Battle Royale
 - Souls-like
 - ...

Player Modes

- Single-player
- Local multiplayer
- Co-op
- Versus
- LAN multiplayer
- Online multiplayer
 - Lobby-based
 - Persistent



Why have genres?

- Helps gamers quickly understand what you're promising
- Reduce the amount of player mismatch
- Helps with marketing
- Reduces the amount of game design decisions you have to do
- Games need to be familiar for people to be attractive
- Some designers say familiarity should be 80/20
 - 80% familiar
 - 20% novel



A game I made for a certain kind of person. To hurt them.

ALL REVIEWS: Very Positive (49,141)	Very Positive (1,090) Very Positive (49,141)								
RELEASE DATE: 6 Dec, 2017									
DEVELOPER: Bennett Foddy PUBLISHER: Bennett Foddy									
Popular user-defined tags for this product:									
Psychological Horror Difficult Singleplayer Indie	+								

Players

Target Audience

- Need to target a specific group
 - Creating a game that will satisfy everyone is impossible
 - Target a small subset of gamers
 - Male aged 15-25 will probably play different games than Female aged 35-50
- Which of the categories is most fun?
 - Highly subjective
 - Every combination of player/time/platform ensures a unique experience



by Quantic Foundry

GAMER MOTIVATION MODEL

53					
Action	Social	Mastery	Achievement	Immersion	Creativity
"Boom!"	"Let's Play Together"	"Let Me Think"	"I Want More"	"Once Upon a Time"	"What If?"
Destruction	Competition	Challenge	Completion	Fantasy	Design
Guns. Explosives.	Duels. Matches.	Practice. High	Get All Collectibles.	Being someone else,	Expression.
Chaos. Mayhem.	High on Ranking.	Difficulty. Challenges.	Complete All Missions.	somewhere else.	Customization.
Excitement	Community	Strategy	Power	Story	Discovery
Fast-Paced. Action.	Being on Team.	Thinking Ahead.	Powerful Character.	Elaborate plots.	Explore. Tinker.
Surprises. Thrills.	Chatting. Interacting.	Making Decisions.	Powerful Equipment.	Interesting characters.	Experiment.

Target Audience

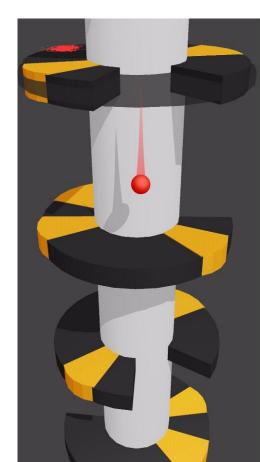
- Not just age & gender
- Why do they play games?
- What do they enjoy?
- How often do they play?
- When do they play?
- How long do they play?
- On what platform do they play?
- Why do they stop playing?

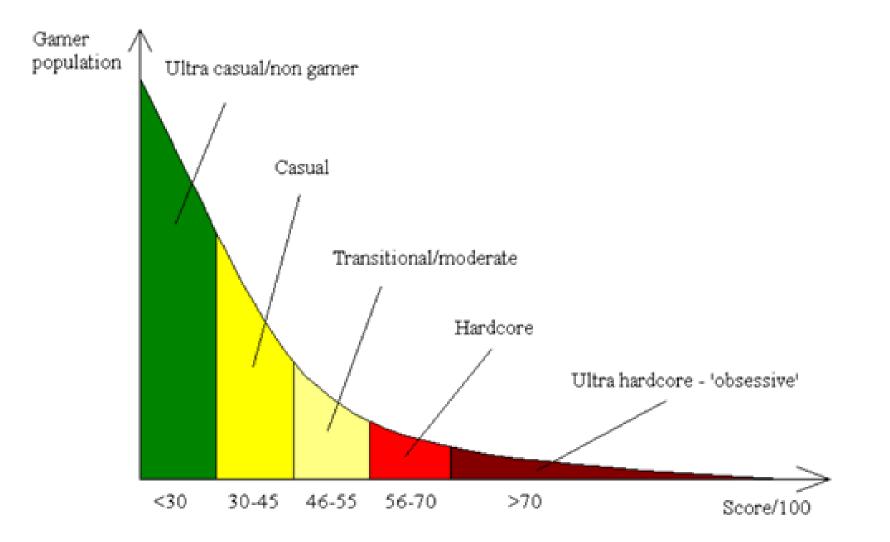
Players

- Hyper-casual not invested
 - Very short play sessions (2-5 min), not invested, players easily jump to the next one
 - Super easy to learn

Casual

- Shorter sessions (10-20 min), less time spent playing
- Easier games, slower pace
- Mid-core (Core) more involved
 - Longer sessions (20-60 min)
 - Not obsessive, but willing to do harder challenges
 - Enthusiastically plays different types of games
- Hard-core "obsessive"
 - Long sessions (60+ min), strong dedication to finish/achieve/...
 - Actively consumes games media even when not gaming





Acquiring Gamers

- Hyper-Casual
 - Organic reach (=> app store optimization ASO)
 - Pay pre click ads (PPC)
- Casual
 - PPC
 - Organic
- Mid-core (Core)
 - PPC
 - Press/Influencers
- Hard-core "obsessive"
 - Press/Influencers
 - Publishers
- Word of mouth works for all, but is hard to evaluate

Business Models



Business models

- Premium
- Free to Play
- Premium Game as a Service
- Arcade
- Subscription
- Subscription Pass

Premium Games

- Spend longer times to develop games
- Build up audience before global launch
 - Pay per-click ads (PPC)
 - Community management
 - Social media, press, influencers
 - Crowdfunding
 - Well-known publisher
 - Franchise
- Global launch with large marketing push
 - Scheduled reviews, streamers, wishlist emails...
- Early access
- Estimating Steam game sales usually comes from # of wishlists before launch

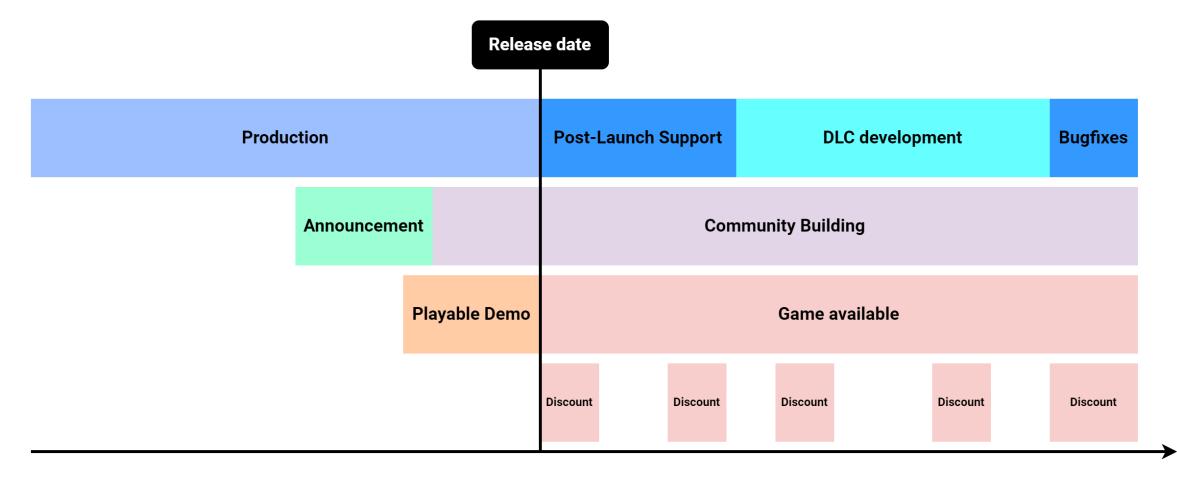


Earning from Premium Games

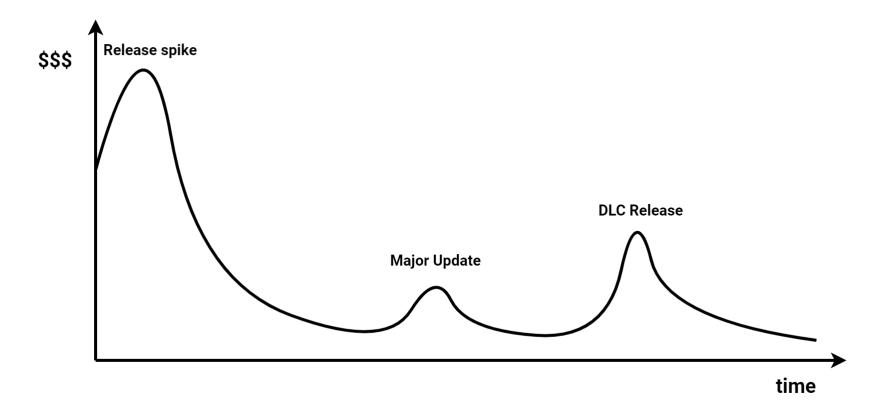
- Fixed price for a game
- DLCs
- Discounts A LOT of game units are sold during discounts
- Battle passes, season passes
- Additional in-game purchases
 - Cosmetics, loot boxes
- Don't forget platform cuts



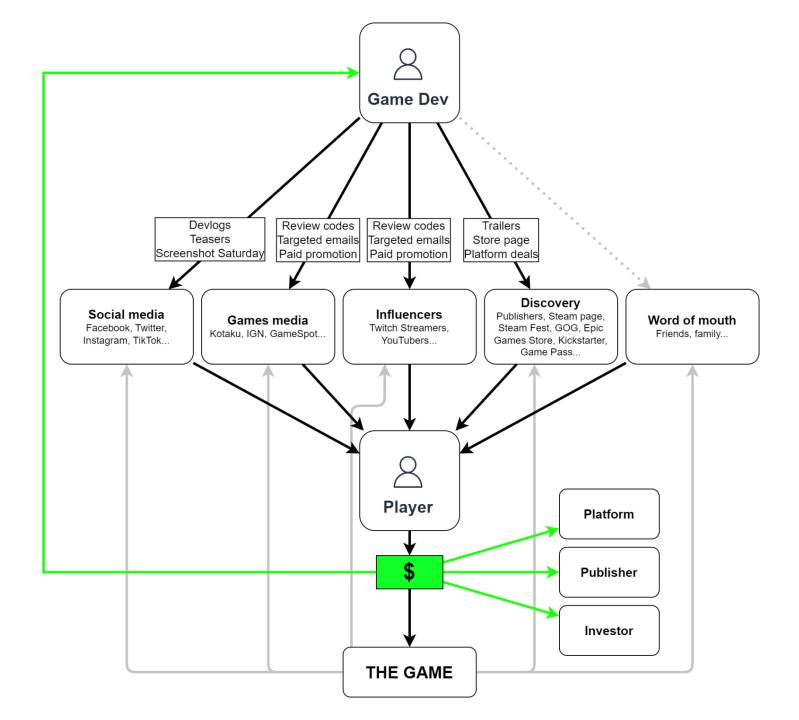
PREMIUM GAME TIMELINE



Typical earnings from a premium game



• There are exceptions – e.g. Among Us



Estimating success

- Wishlist numbers
 - 15-20% wishlist conversion at launch
 - Most people wait for bigger sales
- Wishlist quality hard to estimate
- Social media following
- Media/Influencer coverage
- Sales
 - Week $1 \approx \text{Month 1}$ (after Week 1) \approx Year 1 (After Month 1)
- SteamSpy on similar games
 - Has sales estimates
- # of reviews on similar games
 - Owned copies = # of reviews * multiplication factor
 - Multiplication factor somewhere between 20-80

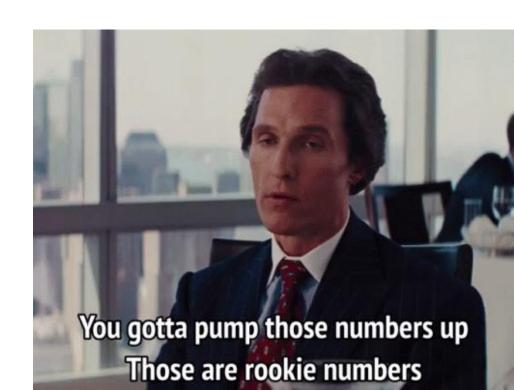


Mow down thousands of night creatures and survive until dawn! Vampire Survivors is a gothic horror casual game with rogue-lite elements, where your choices can allow you to quickly snowball against the hundreds of monsters that get thrown at you.

RECENT REVIEWS: ALL REVIEWS:	Overwhelmingly Positive (32,666) Overwhelmingly Positive (159,547)							
RELEASE DATE:	20 Oct, 2022							
DEVELOPER: PUBLISHER:	poncle poncle							
Popular user-defined tags for this product:								
Action Roguelike	Bullet Hell	Pixel Graphics	2D	+				

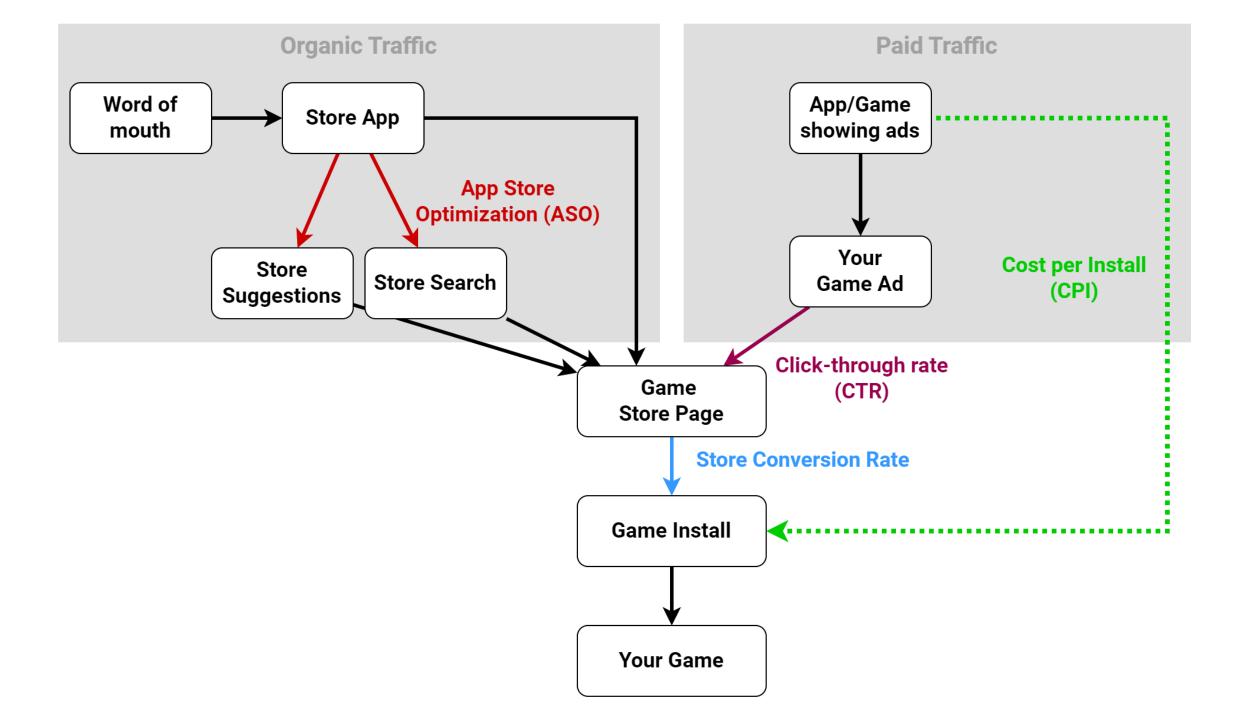
Free to Play (f2p)

- Game as a service (GaaS)
- ARM business model Acquisition, Retention, Monetization
- Several soft launches
 - Test all aspects of a game on smaller markets
 - Technical issues
 - Retention
 - Monetization
- Global release afterwards
- Constant updates, new content, events
 - Keep paying customers
- Ongoing user acquisition



Acquisition

- The process of getting players into your game
- Organic traffic found your game by themselves
 - Search searched the store and found your game, liked it
 - **Direct** Got there through a link you didn't create
 - Cannot always pinpoint where they came from
 - Could be word of mouth
- Paid traffic you paid for ads to show up somewhere
 - Pay-per click ads pay to show ad
 - FB/Instagram/TikTok/Reddit/YouTube/Google...
 - In other games/apps that show ads different ad networks



Acquisition

Alien Invasion: RPG Idle Space

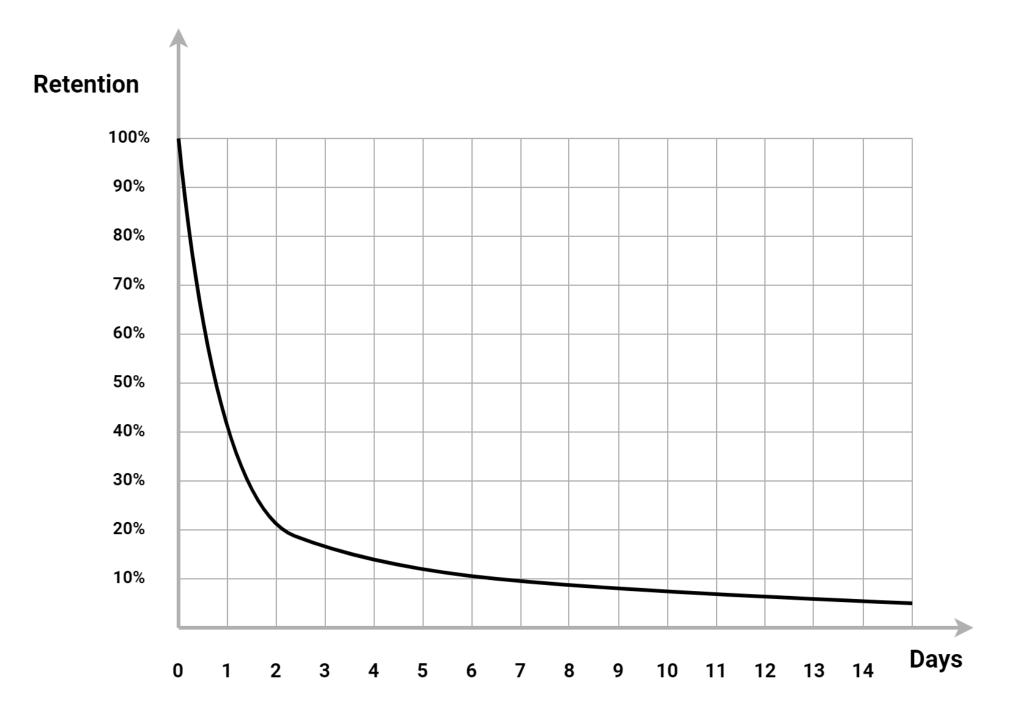




- Organic
 - Improve ASO better game icon, better keywords, better game name
 - Improve store conversion rate better screenshots, better description
 - More important for organic, but also needed for paid traffic
- Paid
 - Improve ad click-through rate (CTR) better ad, better target audience
 - Improve cost-per-install (CPI) better ad, better target audience

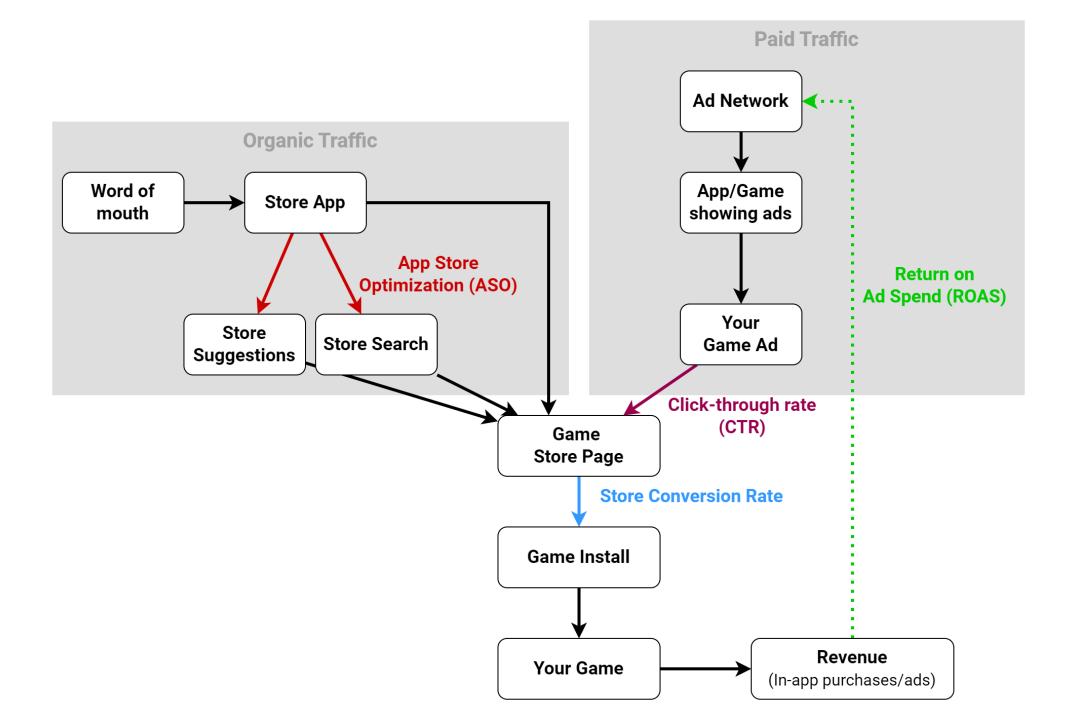
Retention

- The process of retaining players in the game
- The more interesting your game is, the more people return
- There are different types of games with different retention expectations
- Measured in percent per day D1, D3, D7, D30, D90...
 - Day 0 (D0) the day the player opens the game for the 1^{st} time
 - D7 how many percent of players that played on D0 still open the game after 7 days
- Improving retention
 - Better game
 - More content
 - More incentive for the player to come back daily quests/rewards/events...



Monetization

- How you get money from players
- In-app purchases
 - Offer something for players to buy
 - Cosmetics, in-game currency, speed-ups, lootboxes...
- Ads
 - Players watch ads, you get money from the ad network
 - Interstitial ads pop up without the player doing something
 - **Banners** show somewhere on the screen
 - **Rewarded ads** offer in-game rewards in exchange for watching an ad

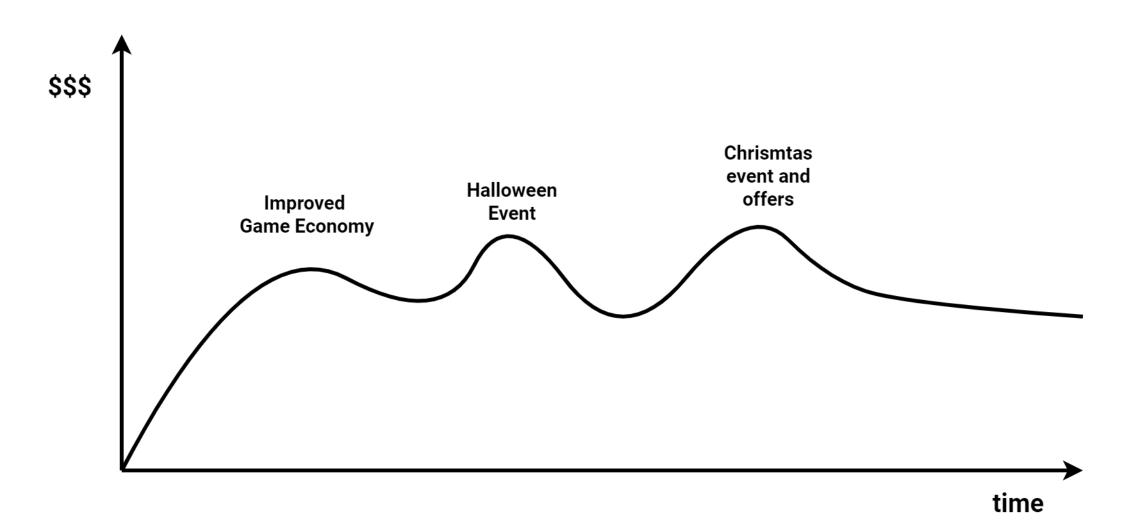


Free to Play

- 98% of players never buy any in-app purchases
 - Can earn money from these through ads
- Most f2p games have a high pay ceiling
 - Players can spend 10000+€ in a single game
- ~5% of spenders are *whales*
 - <0.1% of players (1 in a 1000)
 - They spend thousands, but not at once
- Some genres have players willing to spend much more
 - Strategy, RPG

One *Diablo Immortal* YouTuber has spent over \$100,000 on the game's cash shop in order to craft an impossibly powerful character capable of utterly destroying PvP competitors. In an unfortunate twist, the player has such a high matchmaking rating that *Diablo Immortal* is no longer pairing him up with PvP opponents.

Typical earnings from a F2P game



LTV > CPI

Life-time value > Cost per install

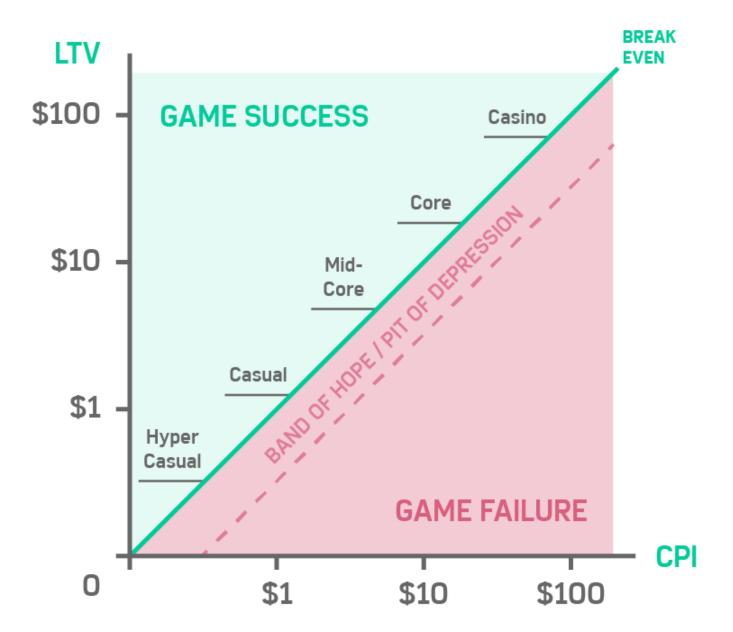


Image from https://mobilefreetoplay.com/5-reasons-why-voodoo-beats-small-game-developers-on-the-app-store/

TOP GROSSING

Estimates online

- Various sites track mobile f2p
- Evaluate downloads, revenue...
- These are estimates, but still good ones
- <u>https://appmagic.rocks/top-charts/apps</u>
- <u>https://sensortower.com/</u>

1		Honor of Kings Shenzhen Tencent Tianyou Technology Ltd	> \$100,000,000
146▲ 2	8	A Pokémon TCG Pocket The Pokemon Company	> \$100,000,000
3		Last War:Survival FUNFLY PTE. LTD.	> \$100,000,000
4 2▼		Royal Match Dream Games	> \$100,000,000
5 1♥		Whiteout Survival Century Games PTE. LTD.	> \$50,000,000
6 1♥		Roblox Roblox Corporation	> \$50,000,000
1 A 7	Ć	Scopely, Inc.	> \$50,000,000
8 2♥	Å	PUBG MOBILE Shenzhen Tencent Tianyou Technology Ltd	> \$50,000,000
9 2▼		Candy Crush Saga King	> \$50,000,000
1 A 10	E	A Brawl Stars Supercell	> \$20,000,000
11 1♥	2	Coin Master Moon Active	> \$20,000,000
1▲ 12	ē,	Pokémon GO Niantic, Inc.	> \$20,000,000

Premium Game as a Service

- Early access, constant updates
 - New features in the same product
- DLC Roadmap
- Example: Space Engineers
 - In Early Access for a long time
 - Was successful in Early Access
 - Had massive increase in sales with updates
 - Added planets, improved multiplayer
- Other notable games: Terraria, Dead Cells, ...



Other business models

- Arcade
 - Pay to play
- Subscription
 - World of Warcraft
- Game streaming



- GeForce Now, Xbox Game Pass Ultimate, PlayStation Plus Premium, Amazon Luna, Stadia
- Subscription Passes players pay monthly for a catalog of games
 - Xbox Game Pass, PS Plus, EA Access, Uplay+, Humble monthly...
 - Apple Arcade, Google Play Pass
 - Earning from subscription passes
 - Upfront fee to develop/port or even keep exclusive
 - "Royalties" based on how much people play your game very hard to get specifics

What business model is right for me?

- Some business models fit some platforms better
 - Players are used to it
 - Platforms support it
- My recommendations
 - Go free to play on mobile
 - Monetize through ads (hyper-casual) or through IAP (casual hardcore)
 - Can softlaunch, test CPIs...
 - Go premium on PC/Consoles
 - Players are used to it & are willing to pay
 - Simpler for development
 - Rapidly different focus, different production, different priorities!
 - Get to a subscription pass if you can
 - More similar to premium development
 - But they are looking for "highly engaging" titles

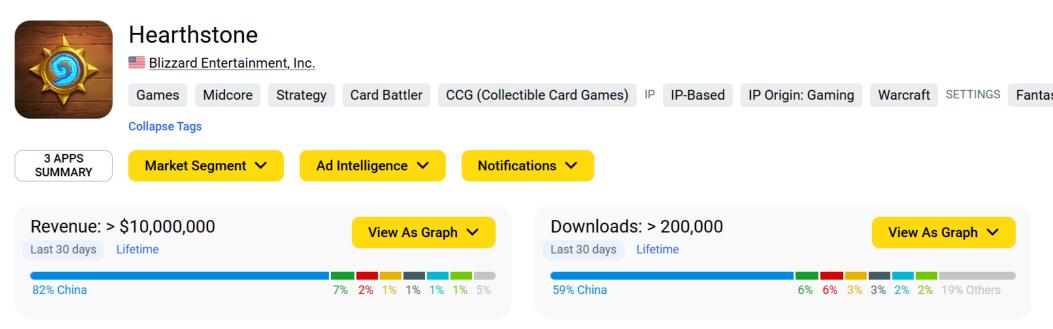


Why not...

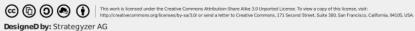
- Premium mobile
 - It can work, but chances are very low
 - Players are used to paying very small amounts for one copy
 - Minecraft: Android \$7.5, PC \$30, PS \$20, Xbox \$20
 - Mini Metro: Android 1€, PC 8€
 - Apple Arcade + Google Play Pass (also Netflix) is being pushed HARD
- Free to play PC/Consoles
 - Works for big companies
 - Need to maintain huge number of players, constant updates & events, constant new content
 - Much harder to do performance marketing + more barriers to install (e.g. install Steam)
 - Most successful titles are online multiplayer extremely hard to do
- Others
 - Markets slowly losing steam (web, pure handhelds), technically difficult (VR)

Premium on Mobile vs F2P on mobile

- Balatro (premium) released on mobile recently
 - Big success \$5M in a few days
- Hearthstone earned last month 2x of the entirety of Balatro
 - 10 year old game, not very hyped at the moment
 - Hype ≠ revenue

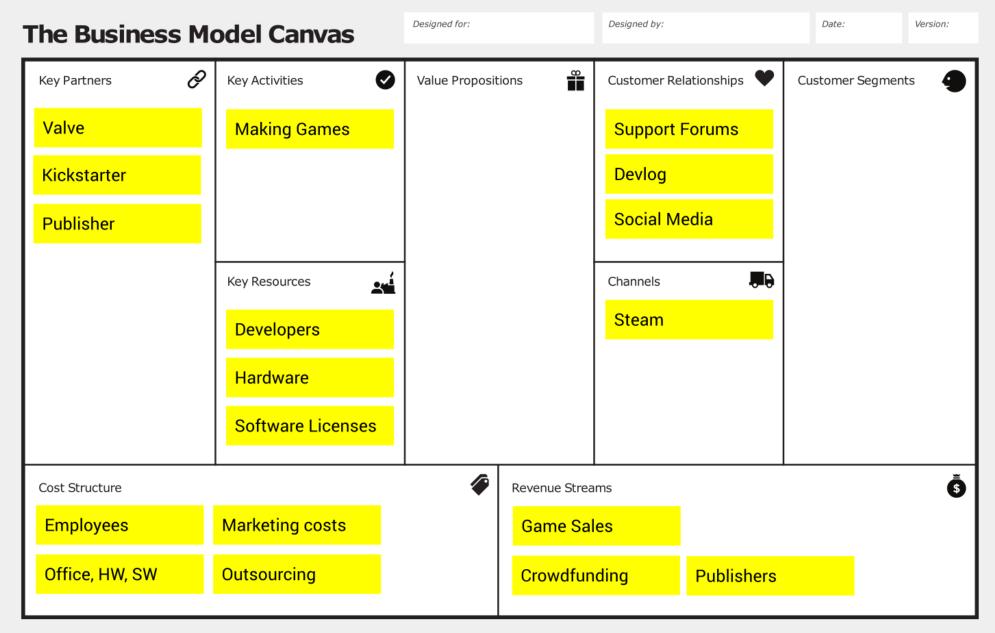






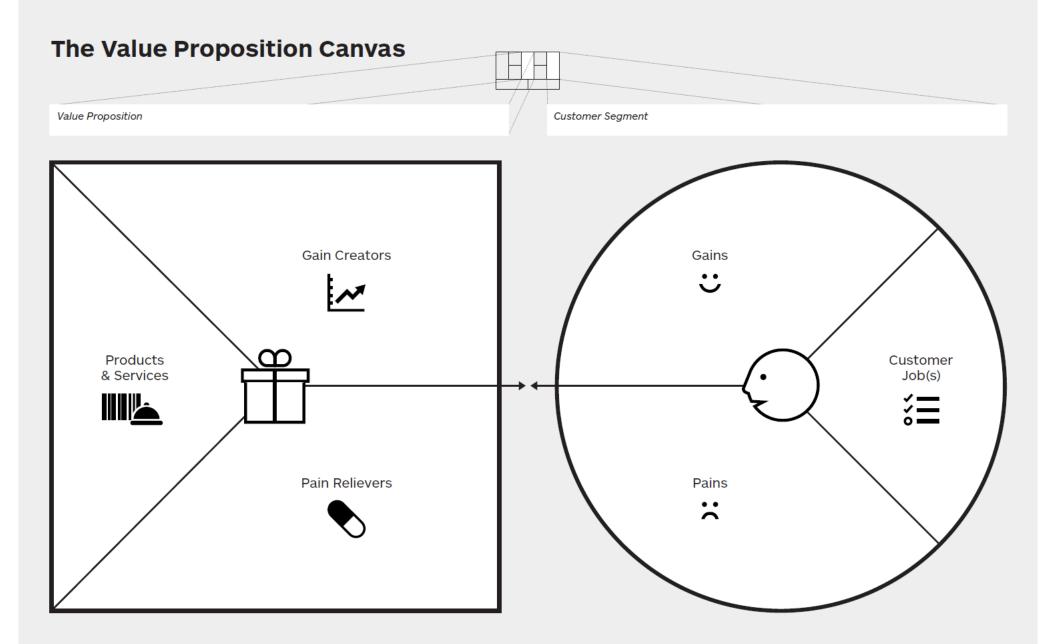


The makers of Business Model Generation and Strategyzer

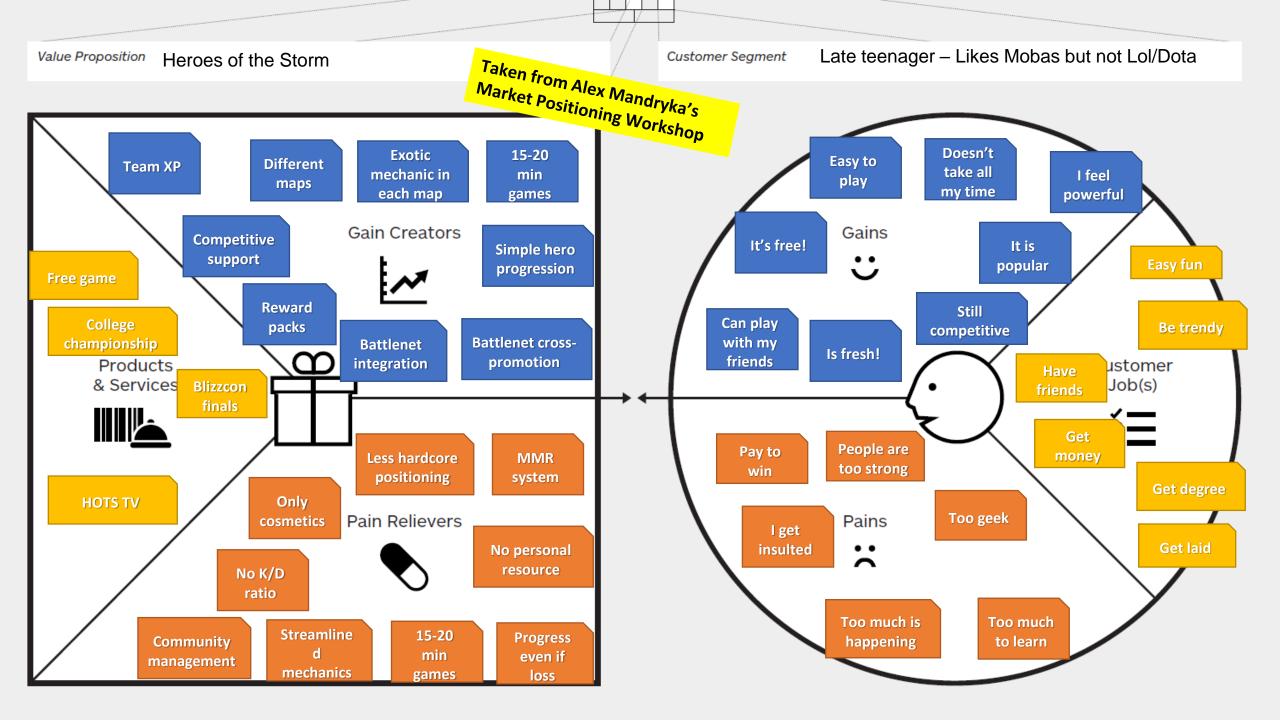












Unique Selling Points (USP)

- What attracts the player to play?
 - It's sad, but visuals first!
- What is the **unique value** that you can offer the player?
- Unique ≠ Good
- What interests the player?
- What sells your game?
- Too unique \Rightarrow obscure, hard to understand & risky
- Aim for 80% familiar, 20% new



Cuphead

Visuals Super difficult gameplay





Ori and the Blind Forest

Visuals

Metroidvania



IGHT 1 ① O1:00am ii Backpack & Run to Exit >1

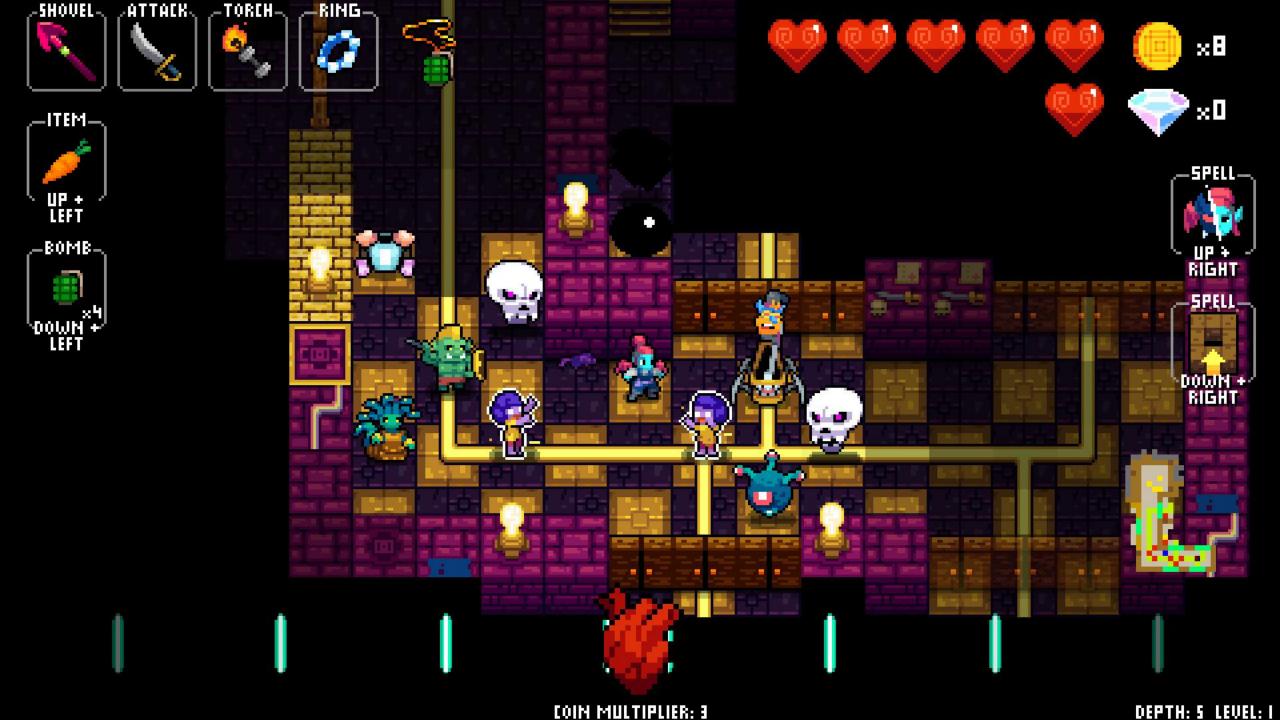
SCAVENGE <

This War of Mine

In war, not everyone is a soldier

Dilemmas & regret







Crypt of the NecroDancer

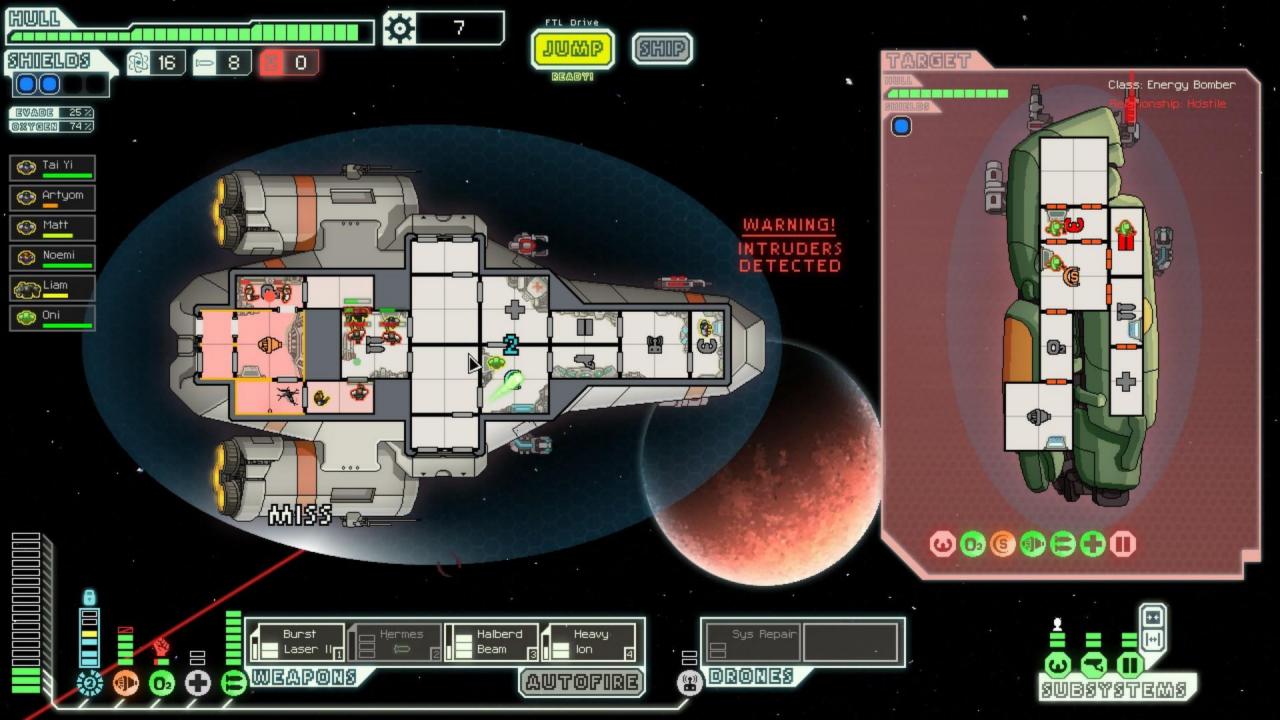
Roguelike Rhythm Dungeon-Crawler Simple controls

Star composer

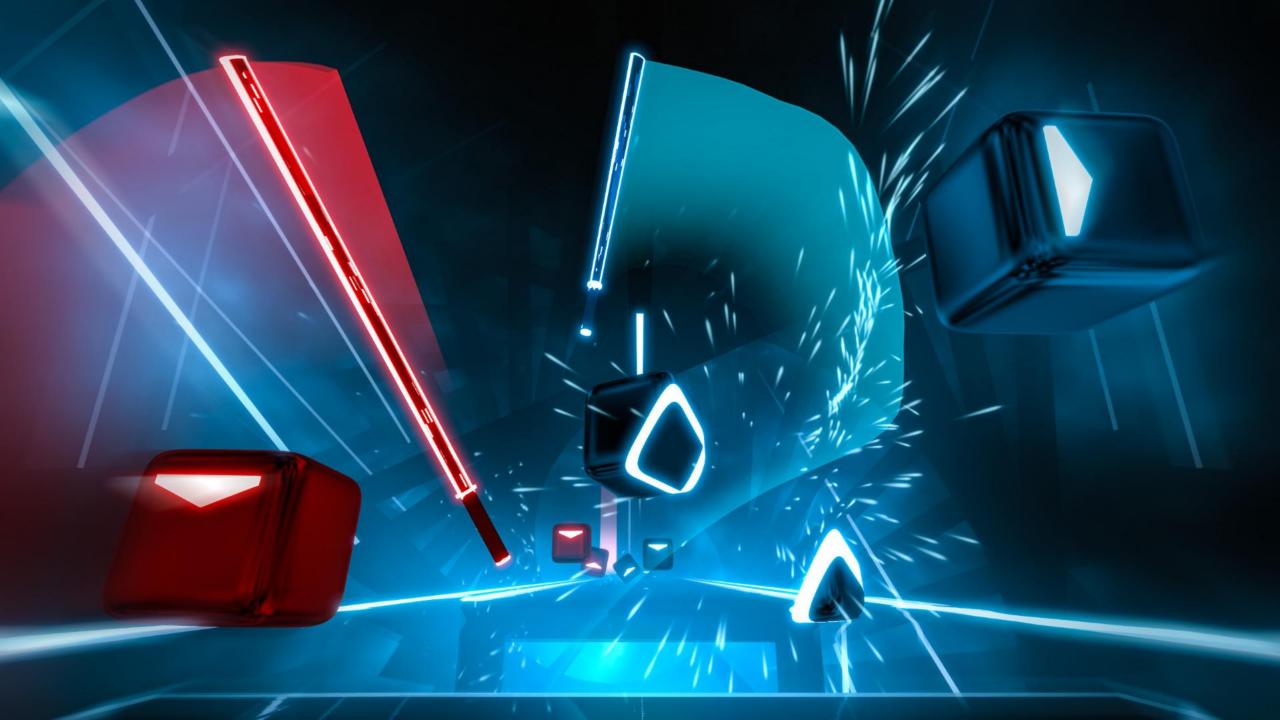
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Thomas Was Alone

Narrative

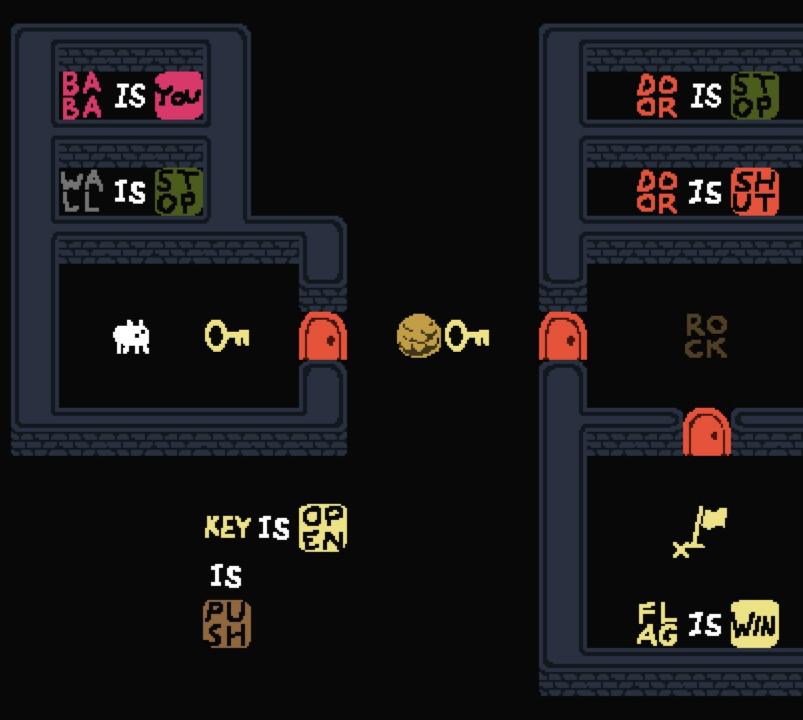


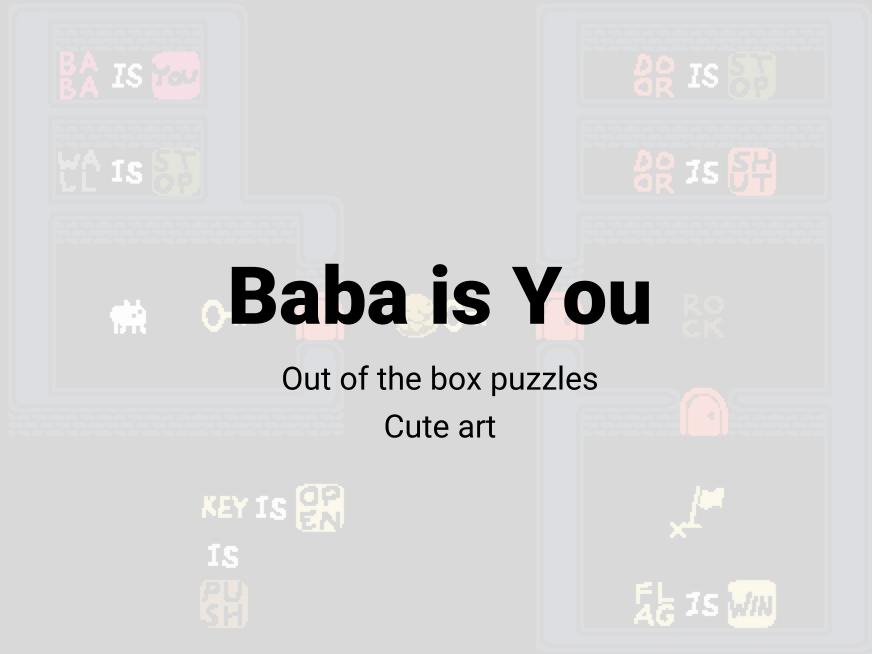




Beat Saber

Rhythm VR It's exercise Music Reach the leaderboards







Ping: 50 ms

 \bigcirc

Hannako

Among Us

Social deduction in time of social distancing

Saltycar

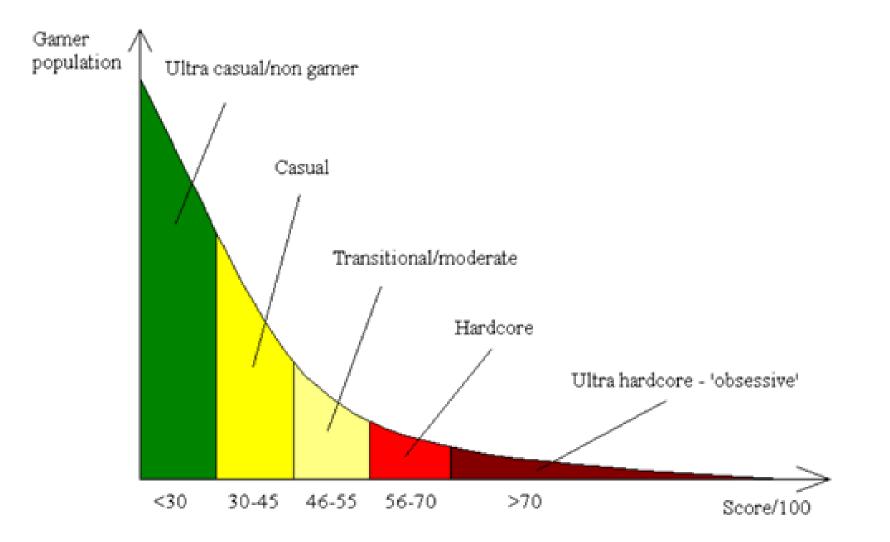
60 PROTECT

Before making a game

- Do extensive market research
- Find unique selling points people care about
- Competitor analysis
- Product-market fit
 - Test out the market as fast as you can
- Reaching your audience
- Consider time to market

Niche

denoting or relating to products, services, or interests that **appeal to a small, specialized section** of the population



Niche games on PC/Console

- Hard to compete with big players if you do mainstream games
 - Lots of media coverage, lots of streamers/letsplayers coverage
 - Higher production value, more features, more playtime...
- Niche games target a much smaller group
 - Players looking for a new game in the "genre"
 - Players don't have a lot of titles for them
 - Big companies are not interested in smaller markets
 - More enthusiastic about your game
 - Short game \Rightarrow finish quick \Rightarrow look for next game
- Big problem: Niche players are harder to find
 - You need to work a lot so people know your game
 - Influencers for that specific niche are key to do it
- PC players are more dedicated
- Console players are more casual



More casual games on Mobile

- Targeting a narrow niche (more hardcore) might be expensive
 - Higher CPIs
- More casual ≠ for everyone
- Unique selling points still need to be strong if you want to succeed
 - But less unique games can succeed if you manage to do great marketing
- Apple's privacy changes caused a lot of issues in the market
 - Harder to target hard-core fans
 - Have to do broader targeting \Rightarrow "lower quality" players
 - Buying ads costs a lot more than it used to
 - And it's getting worse by the minute
 - Google has something similar in progress



Widely popular

Niche

Just for you



Niche (you MIGHT succeed)

Just for you (great as a hobby)